

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE
DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO

FILED & ENTERED

IN RE:

ADMINISTRATION OF REGISTRY
FUNDS

JUN 28 1989

GENERAL ORDER NO. 89-17

GENERAL ORDER

The Judicial Conference of the United States has authorized an amendment to the miscellaneous fee schedules for the appellate, district and bankruptcy courts. 28 U.S.C. 1913, 1914 and 1930. The amendment authorizes the Clerk to assess a fee for the handling and servicing of interest bearing accounts or instrument held in the courts' registry pursuant to Rule 67 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and 28 U.S.C. 2041. The fee will be equal to the first forty five (45) days income earned on each deposit into the court's registry. The effective date of such assessment is June 12, 1989. 54 Fed. Reg. 20407, Thursday, May 11, 1989.

Accordingly, the Court now orders as follows:

1. **ORDER FOR DEPOSIT - INTEREST BEARING ACCOUNT**

Whenever a party seeks a court order for money to be deposited by the Clerk in an interest-bearing account, the party shall personally deliver the order to the Clerk or financial deputy who will inspect the proposed order for proper form and content and compliance with this rule prior to signature by the judge for whom the order is prepared.

2. ORDERS DIRECTING INVESTMENT OF FUNDS BY CLERK

Any order obtained by a party or parties in an action that directs the Clerk to invest in an interest-bearing account or instrument funds deposited in the registry of the court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 2041 shall include the following:

- a. the amount to be invested;
- b. the name of the depository approved by the Treasurer of the United States as a depository in which funds may be deposited;
- c. a designation of the type of account or instrument in which the funds shall be invested;
- d. wording which directs the Clerk to deduct from the income earned on the investment a fee, not exceeding that authorized by the Judicial Conference of the United States and set by the Director of the Administrative Office at equal to the first 45 days income earned on the investment, whenever such income becomes available for deduction in the investment so held and without further order of the court.

San Juan, Puerto Rico, this 27th day of June, 1989.

BY ORDER OF THE COURT



ENRIQUE S. LAMOUTTE
Chief, U.S. Bankruptcy Judge